

THE MACON TRAGEDY.

MR. SAM JEMISON NOT DEAD AS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Particulars of the Shooting Affray Between Messrs. Jemison and Strohecker. Funeral of Mr. Strohecker. Mr. Jemison's Condition—The First Baptist Church in Ruins.

MACON, December 4.—[Special.]—Further particulars of last night's difficulty in Benner's restaurant between Colonel Sam H. Jemison and Mr. Ed. H. Strohecker, during which Mr. Jemison was seriously wounded and Mr. Strohecker was almost instantly killed, are as follows:

At a late hour on Wednesday night last, Mr. J. Clay, Mr. Sam Barron and Mr. Jemison went into the Commercial hotel to get some oysters, but for some reason they were unable to obtain them. They then concluded to get them at the Kennesaw restaurant, which was near by, but before leaving the Commercial hotel bar, in which they were, Mr. Jemison invited his friends to drink with him and they did so. Mr. Ed. Strohecker was seated at a table at the Kennesaw, some distance from the others where the men were drinking. After drinking Mr. Jemison and his party started to leave the saloon. Mr. Jemison had stopped at the counter to pay for the drinks, and in going out was somewhat in the rear of Messrs. Clay and Barron. He had just stepped out when Strohecker was sitting. Strohecker spoke to him and Jemison stopped to answer him, while his friends were on to the Kennesaw restaurant, which is near by. Just how the difficulty, which then occurred, is best told in Mr. Jemison's own words to Mr. Clay in the following:

"Yes, I am going up to see the—soundrel and will either apologize to him or kill him, I don't know which."—He had been advised and he would not listen to me when I begged him not to go up. I refused to go with him and then walked over to the Telegraph office. I know nothing about the shooting."

Chief Wiley has taken out a warrant for McDonald charging him with being accessory to the killing.

Mr. Jemison's CONDITION.

During the day Mr. Jemison has rested easily in Mr. Benner's private room, where he was carried soon after the shooting last night. His physicians say he is seriously wounded, but as the full extent of his injury cannot yet be ascertained. They hope for the best, yet there is little to hope for. Both young men had many friends in the city who deeply regret the sad occurrence.

The funeral of Mr. Strohecker took place from his late residence, No. 56 Spring street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock and was largely attended.

Mr. Jemison has been spitting blood today. He is conscious, but is allowed to talk but little.

Your correspondent called at midday to see him, and he said he had been unable to sleep under the influence of morphine which Dr. McHattan had just administered.

The doctor said Mr. Jemison's pulse was 110 and that his condition was slightly improved.

His brother and sister, Mrs. Mr. E. J. Jemison, are with him. His mother, who was

never seen in Monroe, was there this morning. She left there this afternoon and will arrive here tomorrow.

The Fire Last Night.

THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH FALLS A VICTIM TO THE FLAMES.

MACON, December 4.—[Special.]—At a late hour last night a fire broke out in the residence of Mrs. Menard, in the rear of the First Baptist church. The house was occupied by Mrs. Menard and Mr. Clark Greer and family and their son, Mrs. Menard and her son, Mr. John, were at the time of the fire in the first floor. The fire originated in the ell occupied by Mrs. Menard, who is an invalid.

The occupants barely escaped with their lives. Mr. Greer saved nothing, but lost, besides his wardrobe, \$500 worth of furniture.

The others lost a great deal of their furniture and all their clothing.

The alarm was sounded promptly to the alarm, and was followed by Mr. Strohecker, who still tried to speak to Mr. Jemison. Finally Messrs. Clay and Barron succeeded in quieting him, told him to go home, and he did so.

When he got on the sidewalk Mr. Strohecker told Mr. Clay that he had lost his hat. It was in the restaurant, where, in the struggle, he had lost it. Mr. Clay went in and got it, and when he returned Mr. Strohecker said:

"I can't kill that—soundrel; mark my words."

Mr. Strohecker then walked away. It is stated that on yesterday he and the printer, McDonald, spent a good portion of the day in hunting for Jemison.

Last night, between half past nine and ten o'clock, Mr. Jemison was seated in Benner's saloon at a table with several friends. He and Mr. Ralph Powell were joking about Mr. Jemison's dog case, which was carried to the supreme court and resulted in the grand jury's finding it not a property. A railroad train had run over and killed a pointer which Mr. Jemison said he would not have taken if he had known it was for sale.

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PROHIBITION IN MONROE.

THE DRY MEN HAVE AN HILARIOUS TIME.

The Wave Strikes Lowndes County—Killed in a Drunken Brawl—Signal Service for Valdosta—A Girl First in Conyers—The Election in Milledgeville—Other State News.

MONROE, Ga., December 4.—[Special.]—Yesterday was a glorious day in Monroe. At 9 o'clock every place of business in town was closed, and the citizens all went to the depot to bid farewell to Mr. McDonald, who had delivered such a fine speech here the night before. The trial of Mr. Strohecker took place from his late residence, No. 56 Spring street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock and was largely attended.

Mr. Strohecker had been spitting blood today. He is conscious, but is allowed to talk but little.

Your correspondent called at midday to see him, and he said he had been unable to sleep under the influence of morphine which Dr. McHattan had just administered.

The doctor said Mr. Jemison's pulse was 110 and that his condition was slightly improved.

Mr. Lavin, who was run over by a street car several weeks ago, is still paralyzed, up Broad street the porches were filled with ladies and children who, with waving handkerchiefs, cheered the long processional.

At the courthouse the managers of the election were ready and two hours the long procession had voted. When the ballots were counted every single vote was found for the干选民 candidate.

The negroes held a temperance meeting at the colored Baptist church, and the colored men were present, and the negroes were nearly all from different sections of the state, several of whom, leaders of their race, made prohibition speeches.

Dr. H. B. Hollifield, after a protracted absence of about three years in Europe, has returned to Sandersville. Though a regular graduate of the university of Georgia, he had taken courses of medical instruction at distinguished medical universities in the old world.

Mrs. Elizabeth Condie died at her residence, three miles from Americus, on Tuesday, aged eighty-seven years. She was born in Cumberland county, North Carolina, and moved to Georgia when her husband, a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, was appointed to the circuit.

Mrs. Sarah Ann Ward, relict of the late Mr. David Z. Ward, of Russell county, died today from injuries received by falling from her porch a few nights ago. She was about eighty years old.

Mrs. John and Mrs. Gordon, the parents of General John B. Gordon, are in the city.

Perry Davis, colored, was arrested this p.m. at the instance of Height and Braumon, for mortgaging to them their property which he had received from his employer, Dr. George F. Montgomery, general manager of the Georgia pine lumber company, at Poulan, while in Albany informed a representative of the News of the recent contest in the state.

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THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
THE DAILY CONSTITUTION IS PUBLISHED EVERY DAY
IN THE WEEK, AND IS DELIVERED BY CARRIERS IN
THE CITY, OR MAILED, POSTAGE FREE, AT \$1 PER
MONTH, \$2.50 FOR THREE MONTHS, OR \$10 A YEAR.

THE CONSTITUTION IS FOR SALE ON ALL TEAMS
LEAVING OUT OF ATLANTA, AND AT NEWS STANDS IN
THE PRINCIPAL SOUTHERN CITIES.

ADVERTISING RATES DEPEND ON LOCATION IN THE
PAPER, AND WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

CORESPONDENCE CONTAINING IMPORTANT NEWS,
SOLICITED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY.

ADDRESS ALL LETTERS AND TELEGRAMS, AND MAKE
ALL DRAFTS OR CHECKS PAYABLE TO

THE CONSTITUTION,

Atlanta, Ga.

HOMES AND HOME DECORATION,

By Mr. L. B. Wheeler,
THE ARCHITECT OF THE NEW H. L. KIMBALL HOUSE.

IN NEXT SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION
WE WILL BEGIN THE PUBLICATION OF A SERIES OF PAPERS ON
HOMES AND HOW TO MAKE THEM
BEAUTIFUL.—By Mr. L. B. Wheeler.

Of Kimball, Wheeler & Co., who built the Kimball
house and had charge of its interior decoration.
These papers will cover each week the following
topics:

I. "Color Form and Effect." II. "Halls and
Fireplaces." III. "Wards and Fences." IV.
"Carpets and Tapetries." V. "The Natural
and Convenient in Design." VI. Furniture
and Bric-a-Brac.

This article will be of great value and interest.
Mr. Wheeler ranks high as an architect and writer.

THE SAME ISSUE

OF THE CONSTITUTION WILL CONTAIN THE FIRST PAGE
OF A POWERFUL STORY.

"SUCH STUFF AS DREAMS," BY JULIAN
Hawthorne.

One of the best known and most interesting of
our magazine writers.

FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS OF THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION
WE HAVE LOST STORIES BY MRS. HARRIET PRESCOTT SWIFT, MR. WALLACE PUTNAM REED,
MR. A. A. HAYES, MR. OPIE READ.

THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION WILL BE FORWARDED
REGULARLY 16 PAGES, FREIGHTED TO THE BRIM WITH NEWS,
GESSIP AND LITERATURE.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION
MUST BE FILED BY 8 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT OR
WE CANNOT GUARANTEE THEIR INSERTION.

NEWSDEALERS SHOULD HAVE EXTRA ORDERS IN
BY 10 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT TO INSURE THEIR BEING
FILED.

ATLANTA, DECEMBER 5, 1863.

Indications for the South Atlantic States,
taken at 1 o'clock a. m.: Fair weather,
prevailed by local rains in northern portion;
colder winds shifting to west and north; higher
barometer. East Gulf States: Calm, genera-
lly fair weather, with cold wind waves gener-
ally from north to west; higher barometer.

THE PROBABILITIES ARE THAT THE CUBAN SUGAR
CROP THIS SEASON WILL CONSIDERABLY EXCEED THE
PREVIOUS ONE, WHICH AMOUNTED TO NEARLY 630,-
000 TONS.

MR. TILDEN'S LETTER TO MR. CARLISLE, PUBLISHED
IN ANOTHER COLUMN, IS A DOCUMENT WELL
WORTH PERUSAL. IT IS A REMARKABLY STRONG
PAPER, AND THE QUESTION TO WHICH IT IS ADDRESSED
SHOULD RECEIVE THOUGHTFUL CONSIDERATION
FROM THE COMING CONGRESS.

MR. F. H. RICHARDSON, KNOWN TO OUR
READERS FOR MANY YEARS AS OUR BRILLIANT WASH-
INGTON CORRESPONDENT, IS AT HIS POST AGAIN.
THE COMING CONGRESS WILL SET THE TONE FOR DEM-
OCRACY TO MARCH BY IN THE NEXT CAMPAIGN.
ALL DEMOCRATIC EARS SHOULD LISTEN FOR THE
SIGNAL. MR. RICHARDSON WILL KEEP THE CON-
STITUTION FULLY INFORMED.

ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL HAZEN
EXPRESSES THE OPINION THAT THE SPECIAL DELIV-
ERY SYSTEM IS OF NO PRACTICAL VALUE IN TOWNS
OF LESS THAN 20,000 INHABITANTS. HE BASES HIS
OPINION ON REPORTS RECEIVED FROM POSTMASTERS.
CONGRESS WILL DOUBTLESS MODIFY THE SYSTEM
IN VARIOUS WAYS, BUT IT IS FAR FROM CERTAIN
THAT CONGRESS WILL VOTE TO DEPRIVE TOWNS
OF THE SYSTEM THAT NOW ENJOYS IT. THE TEND-
ENCY OF CONGRESS IS IN THE OTHER DIRECTION.

THE APPOINTMENT OF EX-GOVERNOR BOYNTON
TO THE JUDGESHIP OF FLINT CIRCUIT WILL BE AC-
CEPTED AS A PROPER AND GRACIOUS ACT. JUDGE
BOYNTON WAS A GALLANT SOLDIER; WAS AT ONE
TIME PRESIDENT OF THE GEORGIA SENATE, SERVING
PART OF HIS LAST TERM AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE,
AND IN A FIERCE CONTEST, COME WITHIN A FEW
VOTES OF RECEIVING THE GUBERNATORIAL NOMINA-
TION. IN ALL PUBLIC SERVICE HE HAS BEEN WISE,
HONEST AND PATRIOTIC, AND WILL GRACE THE BENCH
TO WHICH HE IS APPOINTED.

THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE IS
STILL A SENATOR, AND CAN, UNLIKE THE VICE-
PRESIDENT, VOTE TO MAKE A TIE. THE QUESTION
IS NOT AN IMPORTANT ONE AT PRESENT, BECAUSE
THE REPUBLICANS HAVE EIGHT MAJORITY IN THE
SENATE. THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE LOSES NO
RIGHT OF VOTING BY HIS ELEVATION TO THE CHAIR;
BUT NEITHER THE SPEAKER NOR THE PRESIDENT
PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE ARE IN THE HABIT OF
VOTING—IN FACT, NEVER DO VOTE EXCEPT UPON
QUESTIONS THAT MAY BECOME PRECEDENTS.

THE NEW YORK STAR, THE PRESIDENT'S ORGAN,
SAYS IT "SHALL ALWAYS DOTE WHETHER IT WAS
WISE TO BROACH THE PROPOSITION THAT A PRESIDENT
OF THIS FREE COUNTRY NEED, UNDER ANY
CIRCUMSTANCES, WITHDRAW HIMSELF FROM THE PEOPLE
WHOSE CHOSEN SERVANT HE IS, OR TO SUG-
GEST THAT HE COULD FIND SAFER CONDITIONS OF
ENVIRONMENT THAN THEIR LOVE AND REVERENCE."
THIS IS SAID IN REGARD TO MR. CLEVELAND'S RE-
FUSAL TO ATTEND THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL.

THOSE WHO HESITATE TO ACCEPT THE STATE-
MENT THAT BUSINESS IS IMPROVING, SHOULD
STUDY THE RECENT PRICES OF IRON. PIG IRON HAS
ADVANCED SINCE AUGUST FIFTY CENTS A TON;
STEEL RAILS ARE WORTH SEVEN DOLLARS MORE A TON
THAN THEY WERE IN APRIL; BAR IRON SELLS FOR
\$1.12 MORE A TON THAN IT DID IN AUGUST, AND
CUT NAILS HAVE ADVANCED THIRTY-FIVE CENTS A
KEG IN FOUR MONTHS. THESE ARE THE CHANGES IN
PHILADELPHIA, AND THEY REPRESENT THE
CHANGES THROUGHOUT THE REST OF THE COUNTRY.
CONSTRUCTION IS LOOKING UP.

IN MR. TILDEN'S ANTI-PROHIBITION LETTER, RE-
CENTLY PRINTED IN THE CONSTITUTION BY THE
ANTI-PROHIBITION MEN AS AN ADVERTISEMENT,
THE COURIER-JOURNAL FINDS AN EXPRESSION WHICH
IT CONSTRUCTS INTO AN ENDORSEMENT OF FREE TRADE.
THIS LETTER WAS WRITTEN IN 1855, AND WHAT-
EVER MR. TILDEN WAS THEN HE IS NOT A FREE
TRADE NOW. WHEN THE MORRISON HORIZONTAL
BILL WAS UP, HE ADVISED MANUFACTURERS TO JOIN
WITH MR. RANDALL IN PUTTING AN END TO A
FREE TRADE DISCUSSION, CALCULATED TO INJURE
THESE MEN. DOES THE COURIER-JOURNAL RE-
CENTLY PRINT THE SAME EXPRESSION AS AN ENDORSEMENT
OF FREE TRADE?

The Quitman Affair.

Last Monday the clergymen of the Congregational churches of Chicago met and passed a long string of resolutions in regard to the recent burning of the negro school at Quitman in this state. They indorsed the course of the negro professor, Parr, and declared that if the people of Quitman do not replace the building and make good the losses sustained by Parr, they will be held morally responsible for the "atrocious treatment which has been accorded to these teachers, and for the incendiarism which has destroyed their property and jeopardized their lives, and, therefore, will justly merit the execration of mankind."

The stock of unnumbered bonds in the treasury have risen to \$146,000,000, an increase of four millions in a month. The treasury now holds 165,568,100 standard silver dollars, out of a coinage, under the Bland act, of 215,000,000. All but 76,000,000 of the dollars in treasury are, however, covered by silver certificates. In round numbers there are fifty million silver dollars in circulation.

The available cash balance in the treasury, according to Mr. Jordan, is \$61,930,595; but under the old form of statement the cash balance would exceed two hundred millions. The receipts for last month show an increase of \$3,000,000 over November, 1864, this amount being about equally divided between the receipts from customs and miscellaneous sources. This increase in receipts, however, was partially absorbed by an increase of \$2,500,000 in the expenditures. The receipts and expenditures for the past five months, compared with the corresponding months of last year, are here given:

Receipts	1865.	1864.
Customs	\$ 81,403,465	\$ 81,516,572
Other revenue	40,139,597	41,430,597
Miscellaneous	10,392,708	11,999,678
Totals	\$141,037,248	\$140,141,161
Expenditures	1885.	1884.
Ordinary	\$ 59,361,148	\$ 68,513,623
Pensions	33,364,301	32,161,202
Interest	22,287,152	22,784,396
Totals	\$115,013,622	\$125,357,127

The above figures show that while there was an increase of only \$1,000,000 in receipts for the past five months, the net surplus, owing to the large decrease in expenditures, was \$9,217,207 greater than for the same five months of 1864.

The Diamond Queen.

The conviction of Mrs. Fitzgerald of grave robbery at Elmira, N. Y., has a story behind it.

Many years ago this woman attracted attention by traveling over the country with General Irvine, of Elmira, a prominent lawyer and an ex-congressman. He had a wife and children, but they never accompanied him on his trips. That pleasure was reserved for the woman whose dazzling beauty and lavish display had won for her the name of "The Diamond Queen."

In 1868 General Irvine opened a law office in San Francisco, but for several years did not move his family there. In the meantime he resided in the same house with the Fitzgerald woman and her husband. Some time after the general's family had joined him he died suddenly at his hotel. The next morning Mrs. Fitzgerald claimed that she had loaned Mr. Irvine \$2,400 on the day of his death. To make herself secure she took forcible possession of the dead man's carriage and horses, besides the residence she occupied, which was also the general's property.

The Irvines returned to Elmira and buried the general there. Rumors were circulated to the effect that the death was caused by violence. At this juncture "the diamond queen" turned up in Elmira, threatening all sorts of exposures if the Irvines did not settle with her. She heared the rumors concerning the suspicious manner of the general's death, and to satisfy herself, had the grave opened and the remains examined. This daring act was more than the Irvines could stand. They had the "queen" indicted for grave robbery. The jury knew the shameful story of the woman's life, and perhaps for that reason showed her no mercy. They brought in a verdict of guilty, and the brazen and beautiful culprit bent forward in her shrimping silk and flashing diamonds to receive a convict's sentence. It is a fitting end for such a career. This woman's life was all dazzling and duplicitous, and it only needed the damning disgrace of the law to round it off with its proper climax.

A RICH MAN WHO LEAVES A WILL IS SUPPOSED
HIS RELATIVES TO BE MINDFUL.

MR. BIELA'S COMET, WHICH WAS ONCE A SOLAR
WIND, HAS SHIFTED TO THE WEST AND NORTH; HIGHER
BAROMETER.

THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION WILL BE FORWARDED
REGULARLY 16 PAGES, FREIGHTED TO THE BRIM WITH NEWS,
GESSIP AND LITERATURE.

ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE SUNDAY CONSTITUTION
MUST BE FILED BY 8 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT OR
WE CANNOT GUARANTEE THEIR INSERTION.

NEWSDEALERS SHOULD HAVE EXTRA ORDERS IN
BY 10 O'CLOCK SATURDAY NIGHT TO INSURE THEIR BEING
FILED.

ATLANTA, DECEMBER 5, 1863.

Indications for the South Atlantic States,
taken at 1 o'clock a. m.: Fair weather,
prevailed by local rains in northern portion;
colder winds shifting to west and north; higher
barometer. East Gulf States: Calm, genera-
lly fair weather, with cold wind waves gener-
ally from north to west; higher barometer.

THE PROBABILITIES ARE THAT THE CUBAN SUGAR
CROP THIS SEASON WILL CONSIDERABLY EXCEED THE
PREVIOUS ONE, WHICH AMOUNTED TO NEARLY 630,-
000 TONS.

MR. TILDEN'S LETTER TO MR. CARLISLE, PUBLISHED
IN ANOTHER COLUMN, IS A DOCUMENT WELL
WORTH PERUSAL. IT IS A REMARKABLY STRONG
PAPER, AND THE QUESTION TO WHICH IT IS ADDRESSED
SHOULD RECEIVE THOUGHTFUL CONSIDERATION
FROM THE COMING CONGRESS.

MR. F. H. RICHARDSON, KNOWN TO OUR
READERS FOR MANY YEARS AS OUR BRILLIANT WASH-
INGTON CORRESPONDENT, IS AT HIS POST AGAIN.
THE COMING CONGRESS WILL SET THE TONE FOR DEM-
OCRACY TO MARCH BY IN THE NEXT CAMPAIGN.
ALL DEMOCRATIC EARS SHOULD LISTEN FOR THE
SIGNAL. MR. RICHARDSON WILL KEEP THE CON-
STITUTION FULLY INFORMED.

ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL HAZEN
EXPRESSES THE OPINION THAT THE SPECIAL DELIV-
ERY SYSTEM IS OF NO PRACTICAL VALUE IN TOWNS
OF LESS THAN 20,000 INHABITANTS. HE BASES HIS
OPINION ON REPORTS RECEIVED FROM POSTMASTERS.
CONGRESS WILL DOUBTLESS MODIFY THE SYSTEM
IN VARIOUS WAYS, BUT IT IS FAR FROM CERTAIN
THAT CONGRESS WILL VOTE TO DEPRIVE TOWNS
OF THE SYSTEM THAT NOW ENJOYS IT. THE TEND-
ENCY OF CONGRESS IS IN THE OTHER DIRECTION.

THE APPOINTMENT OF EX-GOVERNOR BOYNTON
TO THE JUDGESHIP OF FLINT CIRCUIT WILL BE AC-
CEPTED AS A PROPER AND GRACIOUS ACT. JUDGE
BOYNTON WAS A GALLANT SOLDIER; WAS AT ONE
TIME PRESIDENT OF THE GEORGIA SENATE, SERVING
PART OF HIS LAST TERM AS GOVERNOR OF THE STATE,
AND IN A FIERCE CONTEST, COME WITHIN A FEW
VOTES OF RECEIVING THE GUBERNATORIAL NOMINA-
TION. IN ALL PUBLIC SERVICE HE HAS BEEN WISE,
HONEST AND PATRIOTIC, AND WILL GRACE THE BENCH
TO WHICH HE IS APPOINTED.

THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE IS
STILL A SENATOR, AND CAN, UNLIKE THE VICE-
PRESIDENT, VOTE TO MAKE A TIE. THE QUESTION
IS NOT AN IMPORTANT ONE AT PRESENT, BECAUSE
THE REPUBLICANS HAVE EIGHT MAJORITY IN THE
SENATE. THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE LOSES NO
RIGHT OF VOTING BY HIS ELEVATION TO THE CHAIR;
BUT NEITHER THE SPEAKER NOR THE PRESIDENT
PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE ARE IN THE HABIT OF
VOTING—IN FACT, NEVER DO VOTE EXCEPT UPON
QUESTIONS THAT MAY BECOME PRECEDENTS.

THE NEW YORK STAR, THE PRESIDENT'S ORGAN,
SAYS IT "SHALL ALWAYS DOTE WHETHER IT WAS
WISE TO BROACH THE PROPOSITION THAT A PRESIDENT
OF THIS FREE COUNTRY NEED, UNDER ANY
CIRCUMSTANCES, WITHDRAW HIMSELF FROM THE PEOPLE
WHOSE CHOSEN SERVANT HE IS, OR TO SUG-
GEST THAT HE COULD FIND SAFER CONDITIONS OF
ENVIRONMENT THAN THEIR LOVE AND REVERENCE."
THIS IS SAID IN REGARD TO MR. CLEVELAND'S RE-
FUSAL TO ATTEND THE VICE-PRESIDENT'S FUNERAL.

THOSE WHO HESITATE TO ACCEPT THE STATE-
MENT THAT BUSINESS IS IMPROVING, SHOULD
STUDY THE RECENT PRICES OF IRON. PIG IRON HAS
ADVANCED SINCE AUGUST FIFTY CENTS A TON;
STEEL RAILS ARE WORTH SEVEN DOLLARS MORE A TON
THAN THEY WERE IN APRIL; BAR IRON SELLS FOR
\$1.12 MORE A TON THAN IT DID IN AUGUST, AND
CUT NAILS HAVE ADVANCED THIRTY-FIVE CENTS A
KEG IN FOUR MONTHS. THESE ARE THE CHANGES IN
PHILADELPHIA, AND THEY REPRESENT THE
CHANGES THROUGHOUT THE REST OF THE COUNTRY.
CONSTRUCTION IS LOOKING UP.

IN MR. TILDEN'S ANTI-PROHIBITION LETTER, RE-
CENTLY PRINTED IN THE CONSTITUTION BY THE
ANTI-PROHIBITION MEN AS AN ADVERTISEMENT,
THE COURIER-JOURNAL FINDS AN EXPRESSION WHICH
IT CONSTRUCTS INTO AN ENDORSEMENT OF FREE TRADE.
THIS LETTER WAS WRITTEN IN 1855, AND WHAT-
EVER MR. TILDEN WAS THEN HE IS NOT A FREE
TRADE NOW. WHEN THE MORRISON HORIZONTAL
BILL WAS UP, HE ADVISED MANUFACTURERS TO JOIN
WITH MR. RANDALL IN PUTTING AN END TO A
FREE TRADE DISCUSSION, CALCULATED TO INJURE
THESE MEN. DOES THE COURIER-JOURNAL RE-
CENTLY PRINT THE SAME EXPRESSION AS AN ENDORSEMENT
OF FREE TRADE?

THE RICHMOND WHIG LOST CATE TO SUCH AN
EXTENT BY MONKEYING WITH THE MAHONE MOVE-
MENT THAT IT HAD TO BE PLACED IN THE HANDS OF A
RECEIVER. WHEN AN ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO SELL IT
THE OTHER DAY A BID OF \$4,000 WAS THE HIGHEST
OFFERED. THE WHIG STILL REMAINS UNSELLABLE.
MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY AGO THE WHIG WAS A
POWER. ITS EDITOR WAS THE FAMOUS FATHER RITCHIE.
THESE WERE THE DAYS WHEN PEOPLE
TALKED OF THE WHIG AS THE "LITTLE WHIG."
THE WHIG IS NOW A SHELL.

GENERAL ROSECRANS PROPOSES TO ASSAULT GRANT
IN THE NORTH. THE CLEVELAND REVIEW.

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